## **Objectives**

You should be able to ...

## Regular Languages

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- ▶ Use the syntax of regular expressions to model a given set of strings.
- ► Give examples of the limitations of regular expressions.



Objectives Regular Expressions

O Syntax of Regular Expressions
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Objectives

Regular Expressions

Syntax of Regular Expressions

#### Motivation

- ► Regular languages were developed by Noam Chomsky in his quest to describe human languages.
- ► Computer scientists like them because they are able to describe "words" or "tokens" very easily.

#### Examples:

Integers a bunch of digits

Reals an integer, a dot, and an integer

Past Tense English Verbs a bunch of letters ending with "ed"

Proper Nouns a bunch of letters, the first of which must be capitalized

## A Bunch of Digits?!

- ▶ We need something a bit more formal if we want to communicate properly.
- ▶ We will use a *pattern* (or a *regular expression*) to represent the kinds of words we want to describe.
- ► These expressions will correspond to NFAs.
- ► Kinds of patterns we will use:
  - ► Single letters
  - Repetition
  - Grouping
  - Choices





 Objectives
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## Single Letters

- ► To match a single character, just write the character.
- ► To match the letter "a" ...
  - Regular expression: a
  - State machine:



- ► To match the character "8" ...
  - Regular expression: 8
  - ► State machine:



Regular Expressions





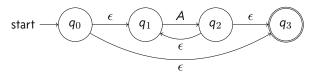
Objectives

Regular Expressions 00 Syntax of Regular Expressions

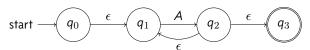
# Repetition

Objectives

- ► Zero or more copies of A, add \*
  - ► Regular expression A\*
  - State machine:

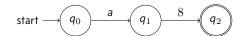


- ► One or more copies of A, add +
  - ► Regular expression A+
  - ► State machine:



## **Juxtaposition**

- ► To match longer things, just put two regular expressions together.
- ► To match the character "a" followed by the character "8" ...
  - ► Regular expression: a8
  - State machine:



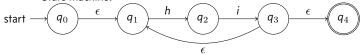
- ► To match the string "hello" ...
  - ► Regular expression: hello
  - ► State machine:





## Grouping

- ► To groups things together, use parenthesis.
- ► To match one or more copies of the word "hi" ...
  - ► Regular expression: (hi)+
  - ► State machine:



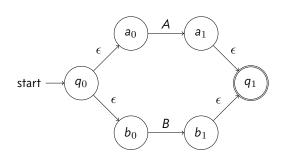
ightharpoonup We use Thompson's construction to build the state machine. The extra  $\epsilon$  transitions are important!





#### Choice

- ► To make a choice, use the vertical bar (also called "pipe").
- ► To match A or B ...
  - ► Regular expression: A|B
  - State machine:



## Examples

Expression	(Some) Matches	(Some) Rejects		
ab*a	aa, aba, abbba	ba, aaba, abaa		
(0 1)*	any binary number, $\epsilon$			
(0 1)+	any binary number	empty string		
(0 1)*0	even binary numbers			
(aa)*a	odd number of as			
(aa)*a(aa)*	odd number of as			
(aa bb)*((ab ba)(aa bb)*(ab ba)(aa bb)*)*				
even number of as	and b			



Objectives	Regular Expressions	Syntax of Regular Expressions	Objectives	Regular Expressions	Syntax of Regular Expressions
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### Some Notational Shortcuts

- ► A range of characters: [Xa-z] matches X and between a and z (inclusively).
- ► Any character at all: .
- ► Escape: \

Expression	(Some) Matches		
[0-9]+	integers		
A *A	anything at all between		

X.\*Y anything at all between an X and a Y

 $[0-9]*\$ . [0-9]\* floating point numbers (positive, without exponents)

# Things to Know ...

- ► They are *greedy*.
  - X.\*Y will match XabaaYaababY entirely, not just XabaaY.
- ► They cannot count very well.
  - ▶ They can only count as high as you have states in the machine.
  - ► This regular expression matches some primes:
    - aa|aaa|aaaaa|aaaaaaa
  - ► You cannot match an infinite number of primes.
  - ➤ You cannot match "nested comments." (\\*.\*\\*)



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