Course Introduction

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Welcome to CS 421!

Topics for discussion:

- ► Logisitics instructor, course objectives
- ▶ Why study languages?
- Major themes for the course

Me!

Name Mattox Beckman

History PhD, Fall 2003, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Lecturer 2003–2015 Illinois Institute of Technology

Research Areas CS Education, Programming Languages, Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science

Specialty Partial Evaluation, Functional Programming

Professional Interests Teaching; Computer Science Education; Functional Programming; Semantics and Types; Category Theory

Personal Interests Cooking; Go (Baduk, Wei-Qi, Igo); Philosophy; Evolution; Meditation; Kerbal Space Program; Home-brewing; ... and many more ...

Mastery Grading

- ▶ The first thing: your grade is not based on points in this course!
- We use Mastery Grading.
 - ▶ Your ability to demonstrate mastery of a concept is what counts.
 - ▶ 20 (ish) Learning Modules
 - Each module has some objectives
- Advantages:
 - Once you have the LM, you're done with it.
 - You will know precisely what to study for on the final!
 - You will know precisely what you need to do for a particular grade!

Activities

- ► This is a **flipped** classroom!
 - ▶ Please watch the lecture video *before* coming to class!
- ► In class activities (TPS or POGIL) to reinforce learning.
- Post-class prairielearn activities to consolidate/apply learning.
 - These often fulfill part of an LM.
- ► There is not necessarily a post-class activity for each day.

Machine Problems

- Machine Problems
- Designed to help you study for the exams, and to achieve major course objectives
- You are allowed one partner for the programming part, but **you must cite your sources!** (Place partner netids in a comment at the top.)
- ▶ Don't use the "perturbation method" of solving machine problems! We expect you to understand the solution and the process very well.
- See the syllabus for more details.

Exams/Quizzes

- ▶ The purpose of an exam is to measure mastery of material.
 - Exams are subdivided into proficiency units that correspond to LMs.
 - Exams are "second chanced". Midterm 2 will have all of midterm 1 for a retry.
- We expect three midterms.

Why Study Languages?

- ► Pai sei
- ▶ Blub see *Beating the Averages* by Paul Graham. [GraO3]
- Language families

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- It's difficult to reason about something without vocabulary!
- ► See Politics and the English Language by George Orwell. [Orw46]

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- ► The difference between a known powerful language to a less powerful language is easy to see.
- ► The difference between a known less powerful language to a more powerful language is not easy to see!

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Assignments

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- 3. Mathematical Foundations
 You will learn some of the mathematical theory that lets us reason about programming languages and the programs written in them.

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- 3. Mathematical Foundations
 You will learn some of the mathematical theory that lets us reason about programming languages and the programs written in them.
- Pragmatics
 You will learn some of the design decisions available to you when choosing (or creating!)
 a language.

So, what should you learn?

- ▶ Understand major classes of programming languages: techniques, features, styles.
- ► How to select an appropriate language for a given task.
- ▶ How to read a formal specification of a language and implement it.
- How to write a formal specification of a language.
- Some Powerful Ideas:
 - 1. Recursion
 - 2. Abstraction
 - 3. Transformation
 - 4. Unification

The emphasis is on learning the theory, knowing why the theory is valuable, and using it to implement a language.

Bibliography

- [Bac97] John Backus. "Can Programming Be Liberated from the von Neumann Style? A functional Style and Its Algebra of Programs." In: ACM Turing Award Lecture (1997).
- [GraO3] Paul Graham. Beating the Averages. Apr. 2003. URL: http://www.paulgraham.com/avg.html.
- [Orw46] George Orwell. "Politics and the English Language." In: Horizon 13.76 (Apr. 1946), pp. 252–265. URL: http://www.resort.com/~prime8/Orwell/patee.html.